

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	. 3
Геchnology	. 3
Usage	. 4
Initialization	. 4
Load PDB	
Interaction	. 5
Main & Het Structure	. 5
Representation Mode	. 6
Color Mode	. 9
Label	. 11
Fragment	. 13
Measure	. 15
Tools	. 15
Pickup	. 16
Configuration	. 17
Color Scheme	. 25
Sequence	. 30
Information	. 30
Extension	. 31
Using <iframe> in HTML</iframe>	. 33
Using JavaScript	. 33
Using WebView Component	. 34
Limitation	. 34
API	. 35
Faq	. 39
Evample	40

## Introduction

Web3DMol is an application used for displaying 3D structure of proteins on web browsers.

**Input** : PDB files

**Output**: 3D structure graphics as well as other important information

# **Technology**

• Constructed with **HTML**, **CSS** and **JavaScript** ( totally client-side technology, no server-side languages involved ).

- WebGL is applied to Web3DMol in order to gain GPU acceleration.
- Supported by most modern browsers (Table.1).

 Table 1. Requirement for web browsers to run Web3DMol

Web Browser	Support Version	Support Since
Chrome	8.0+	Dec 02, 2010
Firefox	4.0+	Mar 22, 2011
Safari	5.1+	Jul 20, 2011
Opera	12.1+	Nov 05, 2012
Internet Explorer	Edge	Jul 29, 2015
iOS Safari	8.0+	Sep 17, 2014
Opera Mobile	37+	Sep 23, 2016
Android WebView	Chromium 56+	Feb 01, 2017
Chrome for Android	57+	Mar 27, 2017

## Usage

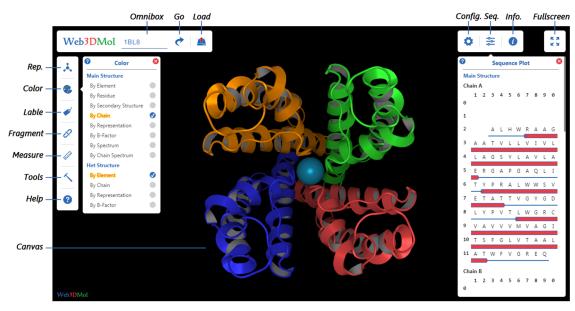


Figure 1. Common user interface of Web3DMol

### **Initialization**

## Three ways to initialize Web3DMol:

- 1. Visit <a href="http://web3dmol.duapp.com/">http://web3dmol.duapp.com/</a>;
- **2**. Download <u>Source Code</u>, unzip and double-click index.html;
- **3**. Embed Web3DMol into other applications, then initialize the application.

#### **Load PDB**

## Load from RCSB

Input PDB-ID in Omnibox, then press *ENTER* key or click *GO* button.

## Load from Local File System (two ways)

**1**. Click *Load* button, then select a pdb file from local file system.

**2**. Simply *drag* a pdb file from local file system and *drop* it into Web3DMol interface.

( NOTE : Local pdb file will NOT be uploaded. )

#### Interaction

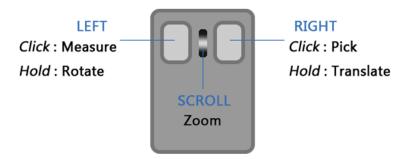


Figure 2. Function of Mouse

**Rotate** Press & hold **LEFT** mouse, then move.

**Translate** Press & hold **RIGHT** mouse, then move.

**Zoom** Scroll **UP** to zoom in; scroll **DOWN** to zoom out.

**Pick** Click **RIGHT** mouse on the 3D structure.

**Measure** Click **LEFT** mouse on the 3D structure. ( A measurement must be started

before left-click takes effect. Also see *Measure Plane*.)

#### **Main & Het Structure**

There are two different kinds of atom recorded in PDB files.

Main ATOM

Standard amino acids and nucleotides.

Het (heterogenic) HETATM

Non-standard residues, such as prosthetic groups, inhibitors, solvent molecules and ions.

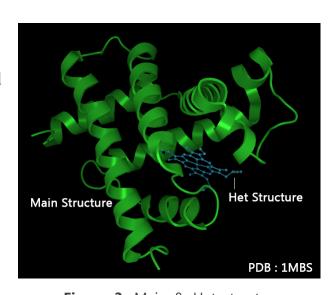


Figure 3. Main & Het structure

## **Representation Mode**

Representation mode can be adjusted in **Representation Plane**.

**Hide** Show nothing.

**Dot** Atom are shown as dots.

**Line** Atoms are connected by line according to residues' molecular structure.

**Backbone** Atoms in the main chain are connected by tubes.

**Tube** Residues are connected along the main chain by tubes.

**Cartoon** Residues are connected along the main chain according to secondary

structure. By default,  $\alpha$ -helixes and  $\beta$ -sheets are connected by cubes,

while random coils are connected by tubes.

Cartoon Variants

**Cartoon-Putty** Residues are connected along the main chain by tubes.

Tube's radius varies according to the B-factor.

**Cartoon-Cube** Residues are connected along the main chain by cubes.

The connector's cross section is rectangle.

**Cartoon-Strip** Residues are connected along the main chain.

The connector's cross section is like a playground racetrack.

**Cartoon-Ribbon** Residues are connected along the main chain.

The connector's cross section is oval.

**Cartoon-Railway** Residues are connected along the main chain.

The connector's cross section is like a dumbbell.

**Cartoon-Cylinder** The first and last residue are connected by a straight tube.

The radius of tube is much fatter than radius in Tube Mode.

( NOTE : Only available for  $\alpha$ -helix in Cartoon Mode. )

**Cartoon-Arrow** Residues are connected along the main chain by cubes.

The width of cube at last residue varies to make an arrowhead.

(NOTE: Only available for  $\beta$ -sheet in Cartoon Mode.)

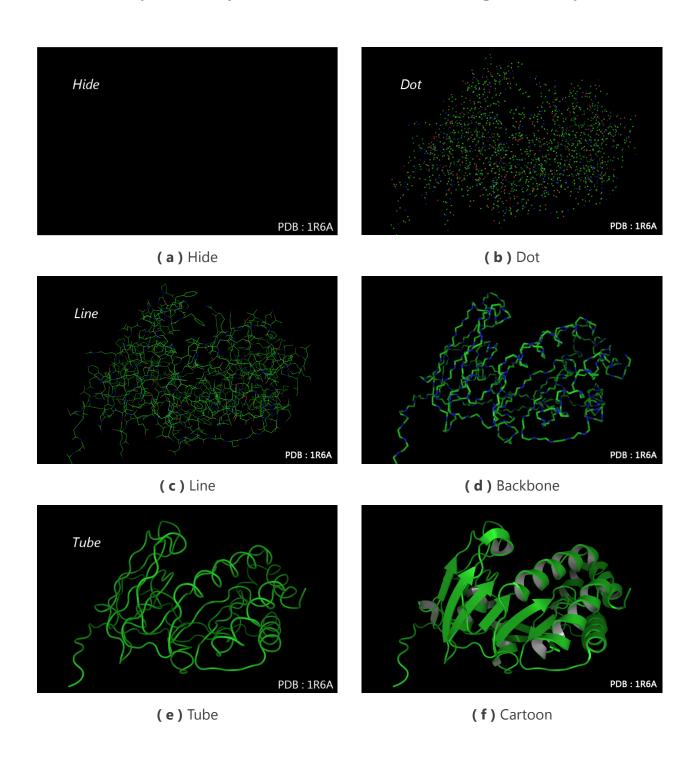
**Stick** Atoms are connected by tube according to residues' molecular structure.

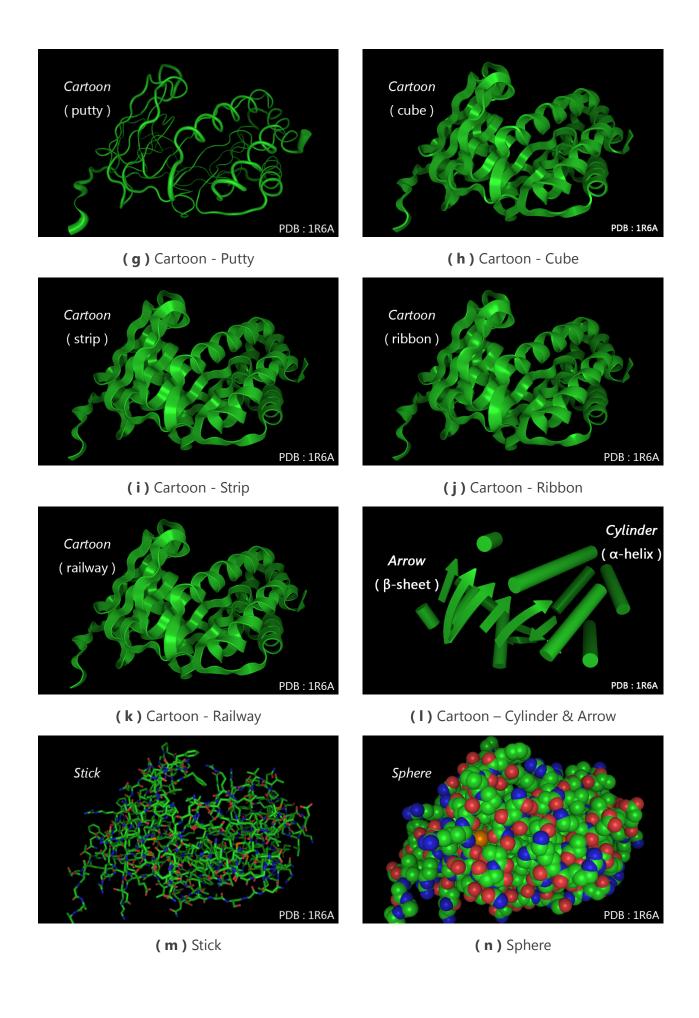
**Sphere** Atoms are shown as spheres.

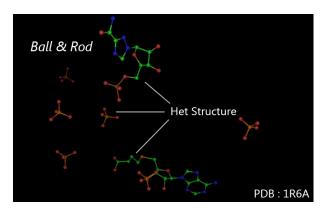
The radius of spheres varies according to atoms' van der Waals radius.

**Ball & Rod** Atoms are shown as spheres and connected by thin rods.

( NOTE : Only available for Het Structure or Single Residue. )







(o) Ball & Rod

Figure 4. Representation Mode

#### **Color Mode**

Color mode can be adjusted in Color Plane.

Color Scheme can be adjusted in Configuration Plane, also see Color Scheme department.

By Element Color by element.

By Residue Color by residue.

**By Secondary Structure** Color by the secondary structure.

**By Chain** Color by chain identifier.

**By Representation** Color by representation modes.

**By B-Factor** Color as a spectrum according to B-Factor.

( high -> low  $\sim \sim$  red -> purple )

By Spectrum Color as a spectrum according to atoms' serial number

( little -> great ~~ red -> purple )

By Chain Spectrum Color as a spectrum according to residues' sequence

number in a chain.

(N-end -> C-end  $\sim \sim$  red -> purple)

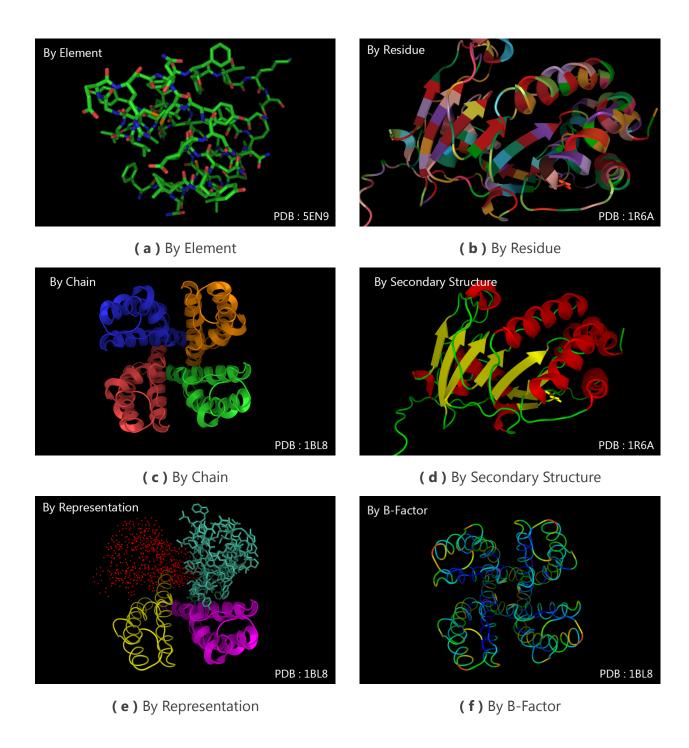
By Hydrophobicity Color as a spectrum according to residues' hydrophobicity

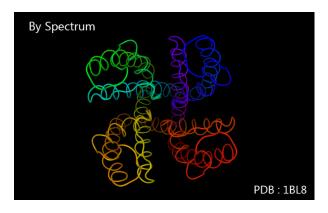
( Hydrophobic -> Hydrophilic  $\sim\sim$  red -> blue )

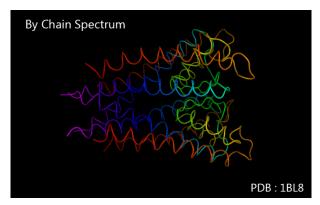
## **By User Defined**

## Color by user.

( NOTE : Only available in Fragments customization. )

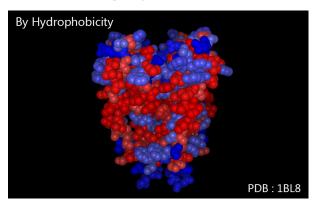






(g) By Spectrum

(h) By Chain Spectrum



(i) By Hydrophobicity

Figure 5. Color Mode

### Label

There are two dimensions for label:

**Label Area** What will be labeled.

**Label Content** What will be labeled with.

Label Area & Label Content can be adjusted in Label Plane.

Label's color and size can be adjusted in Configuration Plane.

#### Label Area

None Label nothing.

**Every Atom** Label every atom.

**Backbone** Label atoms in the main chain.

**Every Residue** Label representative atom of every residue.

**Every Chain** Label the first atom of every chain.

**Mol** Label the first atom of the molecule.

#### Label Content

**Atom name** Label with atom name. (eg. Ca)

**Atom id** Label with atom serial number.

**Atom name & id** Label with atom name and atom serial number. (eg. Ca-20)

**Element** Label with element name.

**Element & id** Label with element name and atom serial number. (eg. C-20)

**Residue name** Label with residue name. (eg. Tyr)

**Residue id** Label with residue sequence number.

**Residue name & id** Label with residue name and residue sequence number.

(eg. Try45)

**Chain id** Label with chain identifier.

**Chain & Residue** Label with chain identifier, residue name and residue

sequence number. (eg. A.Try45)

**Chain & Residue id** Label with chain identifier and residue sequence number.

(eg. A.45)

Mix Info Label with chain identifier, residue name, residue sequence

number and atom name. (eg. A.Try45-Ca)

**Occupancy** Label with the atom's occupancy recorded in PDB file.

**B-Factor** Label with the atom's b-factor recorded in PDB file.

**VDW Radius** Label with the atom's van der Waals radius.

## **Fragment**

A fragment is a segment of a chain in a molecule.

Fragments can be added, highlighted and hidden in Fragment Plane.

Fragments can be *customized* and *deleted* in Fragment Dialog.

## How to add a fragment? (three ways)

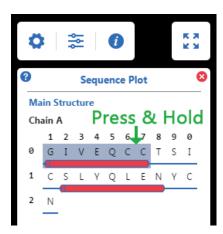
**1.** Click **Add Fragment** button in Fragment Plane.



**2.** Click **Fragment** checkboxes in Pickup Dialog to add the chain, residue or secondary structure as fragments.



**3.** Hover above the sequence plot in Sequence Plane to recognize a piece of sequence, then Press and Hold **left** mouse for a few seconds.



### **Customization Option**

A fragment has its own representation mode, color mode, label area and label content, which can be customized by users in Fragment Dialog.

**Chain ID** The chain identifier of a fragment.

**Residue Start** The first residue of a fragment.

**Residue Stop** The last residue of a fragment.

**Representation** The representation mode of a fragment.

**Color** The color mode of a fragment. User-defined color is available.

**Label Area** The label area of a fragment.

**Label Content** The label content of a fragment.

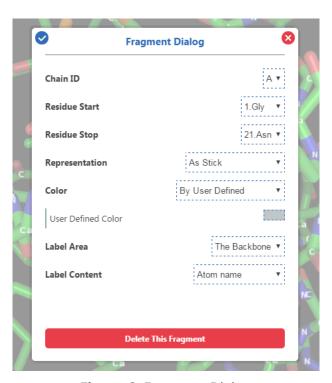


Figure 6. Fragment Dialog

### Highlight, Hide & Delete

**Highlight** LEFT click the banner of Fragment List in Fragment Plane

**Hide** RIGHT click the banner of Fragment List in Fragment Plane

**Delete** Click Delete button in Fragment Dialog

#### **Measure**

User can measure *Distance, Vector Angle, Dihedral Angle* and *Triangle Area* in Measure Plane.

## **Processes of Measurement**

- (1) Click *Add Measurement* button in Measure Plane.
- (2) *Left* click the 3D structure to pick atoms order by *A*, *B*. *C* and *D*.
- (3) When points are enough, the result will be calculated and show in Measurement Box. Guide lines and Result label will be added to 3D structure graphics.
- (4) Points can be repicked by clicking [ *Repick* ] in Measurement Box. Click the banner of Measurement Box to show or hide the guide lines of this measurement. Other adjustment options can be found in Configuration Plane Misc Category.

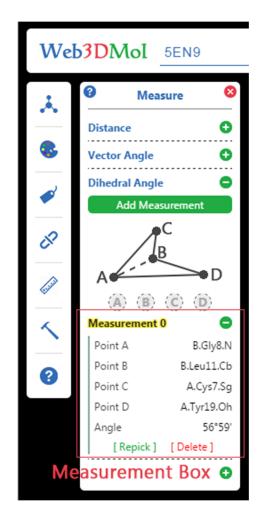


Figure 7. Measure Plane

#### **Tools**

Several tools are available in Tool Plane.

#### Extra Structure

Some extra structures can be added into canvas, including:

Disulfide bonds The disulfide bonds between cysteines

*Cell unit* The cell unit in crystallography

Water molecules The water molecules in Het structure

#### Animation

3D structure in canvas can rotate by X, Y, Z axes automatically.

The speed of rotation can be adjusted in Configuration Plane - Misc Category.

### **Snapshot**

3D structure in canvas can be saved as PNG / JPG / BMP pictures.

#### Share

Click **Share URL** and copy the URL shown in Share Dialog.

Pass this URL to others or embed it into a web page.

## **Pickup**

Users can pick atoms by RIGHT clicking the 3D structure.

- Some information about the picked atom is listed in a pop-up dialog, including: *PDB-ID, chain identifier, residue, secondary structure, atom's serial number, name, coordinate, occupation* and *b-factor*.
- ➤ Ball-Rod structure of the residue can be shown by clicking *Show Ball-Rod Structure of Residue* button in the dialog.
- ➤ The chain, residue and secondary structure can be highlighted or hidden by clicking *Highlight / Hide* checkboxes in the dialog.
- The chain, residue and secondary structure can be added to a fragment by clicking Fragment checkboxes in the dialog.



Figure 8. Pickup Dialog

## **Configuration**

Default configurations can be adjusted in Configuration Plane.

Following configurations are listed by this format:

**Configuration Name** Configuration Key Configuration Description

## **Geometry**

**Initial Size** geom\_mol\_size The initial size of 3D structure

**Dot Size** geom\_dot\_size Size of point in Dot Rep.

**Dot as Cross** geom\_dot\_as\_cross Show cross instead of point in Dot Rep.

**Dot Cross Radius** geom\_cross\_radius Radius of cross in Dot Rep.

**Dash Line Gap** geom\_dash\_gap Gap width of dash line

Backbone as Tube geom\_backbone\_as\_tube

Use tubes instead of lines to connect atoms in Backbone Rep.

Tube Smooth geom\_tube\_smooth

Use smooth curve instead of polygonal lines in Tube Rep.

**Tube Radius** geom\_tube\_radius

Radius of tube in Tube Rep. & Cartoon Rep.

**Tube Round End** geom\_tube\_round

Use spheres instead of plains at each ends of the tube in Tube Rep.

**Stick Radius** geom\_stick\_radius Radius of tube in Stick Rep.

Stick Round End geom\_stick\_round

Use spheres instead of plains at each ends of the tube in Stick Rep.

Helix Mode geom\_helix\_mode

The representation mode of  $\alpha$ -helix in Cartoon Rep.

Helix Side Differ geom\_helix\_side\_differ

Fill the side face of  $\alpha$ -helix with different color in Cartoon Rep.

Helix Side Color geom\_helix\_side\_color

The different color for side face of  $\alpha$ -helix in Cartoon Rep.

**Helix Inner Differ** geom\_helix\_inner\_differ

Fill the inner face of  $\alpha$ -helix with different color in Cartoon Rep.

**Helix Inner Color** geom\_helix\_inner\_color

The different color for inner face of  $\alpha$ -helix in Cartoon Rep.

**Sheet Mode** geom\_sheet\_mode

The representation mode of  $\beta$ -sheet in Cartoon Rep.

**Sheet Flat** geom\_sheet\_flat

Flatten the  $\beta$ -sheet in Cartoon Rep.

**Sheet Side Differ** geom\_sheet\_side\_differ

Fill the side face of  $\beta$ -sheet with different color in Cartoon Rep.

**Sheet Side Color** geom\_sheet\_side\_color

The different color for side face of  $\beta$ -sheet in Cartoon Rep.

**Loop Mode** geom\_loop\_mode

The representation mode of random coil in Cartoon Rep.

Putty Radius Min geom\_putty\_radius\_min

The minimum radius of tube in Cartoon-Putty Rep.

Putty Radius Max geom\_putty\_radius\_max

The maximum radius of tube in Cartoon-Putty Rep.

**Cube Width** geom\_cube\_width

The width of the cross section in Cartoon-Cube Rep.

**Cube Height** geom\_cube\_height

The height of the cross section in Cartoon-Cube Rep.

**Cube Side Differ** geom\_cube\_side\_differ

Fill the side face with different color in Cartoon-Cube Rep.

Cube Side Color geom\_cube\_side\_color

The different color for side face in Cartoon-Cube Rep.

**Strip Width** geom\_strip\_width

The width of the cross section in Cartoon-Strip Rep.

**Strip Height** geom\_strip\_height

The height of the cross section in Cartoon-Strip Rep.

**Strip Side Differ** geom\_strip\_side\_differ

Fill the side face with different color in Cartoon-Strip Rep.

**Strip Side Color** geom\_strip\_side\_color

The different color for side face in Cartoon-Strip Rep.

**Ribbon Width** geom\_ribbon\_width

The width of the cross section in Cartoon-Ribbon Rep.

**Ribbon Height** geom\_ribbon\_height

The height of the cross section in Cartoon-Ribbon Rep.

**Ribbon Side Height** geom\_ribbon\_side\_height

The height of the side face in Cartoon-Ribbon Rep.

**Ribbon Side Differ** geom\_ribbon\_side\_differ

Fill the side face with different color in Cartoon-Ribbon Rep.

**Ribbon Side Color** geom\_ribbon\_side\_color

The different color for side face in Cartoon-Ribbon Rep.

Railway Width geom\_railway\_width

The width of the cross section in Cartoon-Railway Rep.

Railway Height geom\_railway\_height

The height of the cross section in Cartoon-Railway Rep.

**Railway Radius** geom\_railway\_radius

The radius of the side track in Cartoon-Railway Rep.

Railway Side Differ geom\_railway\_side\_differ

Fill the side track with different color in Cartoon-Railway Rep.

Railway Side Color geom\_railway\_side\_color

The different color for side track in Cartoon-Railway Rep.

**Arrow Width** geom\_arrow\_width

The width of the cross section in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

**Arrow Height** geom\_arrow\_height

The height of the cross section in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

**Arrowhead Lower Width** geom\_arrowhead\_lower

The width of arrowhead trapezoid's lower face in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

Arrowhead Upper Width geom\_arrowhead\_upper

The width of arrowhead trapezoid's upper face in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

**Arrow Side Differ** geom\_arrow\_side\_differ

Fill the side face with different color in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

Arrow Side Color geom\_arrow\_side\_color

The different color for side face in Cartoon-Arrow Rep.

**Cylinder Radius** geom\_cylinder\_radius

The radius of tube in Cartoon-Cylinder Rep.

**Cylinder Round End** geom\_cylinder\_round\_end

Use spheres instead of plains at each ends of the tube in Cartoon-Cylinder Rep.

**Cylinder End Differ** geom\_cylinder\_end\_differ

Fill the end face with different color in Cartoon-Cylinder Rep.

Cylinder End Color geom\_cylinder\_end\_color

The different color for end face in Cartoon-Cylinder Rep.

**Sphere Radius** geom\_sphere\_radius

The radius of sphere in common Reps, rather than Sphere Rep.

**Ball Radius** geom\_ball\_radius The radius of ball in Ball & Rod Rep.

**Rod Radius** geom\_rod\_radius The radius of rod in Ball & Rod Rep.

#### Smooth

**Segment of Path** smooth\_segment

The segment number between two guide points in smooth curve path.

( NOTE : Increase this option's value will make nicer graphics but consume more computational resources. )

**Curvature of Path** smooth\_curvature

The curvature of smooth curve path.

( NOTE : Increase this option's value will make the path more twisting. )

#### Color

Default color scheme can be modified in this category.

( Also see *Color Scheme department* )

#### Light

**Light Enable** light\_enable Enable light effect

**Light Mode** light\_mode The mode of light effect ( Point / Parallel )

**Light Position** light\_position

The position of point light. (Only available for Point Light Mode)

**Light Direction** light\_direction

The direction of parallel light. (Only available for Parallel Light Mode)

**Light Color** light\_color The color of light

**Light Ambient** light\_ambient The color of ambient light

Fog

**Fog Enable** fog\_enable Enable fog effect

**Fog Mode** fog\_mode The mode of fog effect ( Linear / Exponential )

Fog Start fog\_start

The distance from the camera where the fog starts (fog concentration: 0%)

Fog Stop fog\_stop

The distance from the camera where the fog stops (fog concentration: 100%)

**Fog Color** fog\_color The color of fog

**Fog Density** fog\_density

The density of fog. (Only available for Exponential Fog Mode)

Material

**Ambient Coefficient** material\_ambient

Material's weighting coefficient of ambient light

**Diffuse Coefficient** material\_diffuse

Material's weighting coefficient of diffuse light

**Ambient Coefficient** material\_specular

Material's weighting coefficient of specular light

**Shininess Exponent** material\_shininess

Material's shininess exponent of specular light

Label

Label Size label\_size Font size of label

Label Color label color Color of label

### Speed

Mouse Rotate Speed rotate\_speed

Speed of rotation movement while mouse interaction

Mouse Zoom Speed zoom\_speed

Speed of zoom movement while mouse interaction

Mouse Translate Speed pan speed

Speed of translation movement while mouse interaction

Animation Speed animation\_speed

Speed of rotation movement while animation

Misc

**Background** bg Background color of the canvas

**Show Measurement** show\_measurement

Show guide lines and measurement result in canvas.

Measure Line Color measure\_line\_color

Color of guide lines in measurement

**Measure Angle in Radian** measure\_angle\_in\_radian

Use radian instead of degree in measurement.

Label Ball & Rod label ball and rod

Label every atom of Ball & Rod Rep. in fragments customization.

### Local Storage

If local storage is enabled, next time you initialize Web3DMol, configuration values saved at local storage will take place of default one.

**Recover Default Config**Recover the default configuration values

Save Config to Local Save current configuration values to local storage

Recover Config from Local Storage Recover configuration value from local storage

Clear Local Storage Clear configuration values saved at local storage

Representation Mode (listed in Representation Plane) (Also see Representation department)

Rep Mode Mainrep\_mode\_mainRepresentation Mode for Main StructureRep Mode Hetrep\_mode\_hetRepresentation Mode for Het Structure

**NOTE**: values are limited in following integers.

100 ( Hide ) 101 ( Dot ) 102 (Line) 103 (Backbone) 104 (Tube) *105 ( Cartoon )* 106 (Cartoon - Putty) 107 (Cartoon - Cube) 108 (Cartoon - Strip) 109 (Cartoon - Ribbon) 110 (Cartoon - Railway) 111 (Cartoon - Arrow) 112 (Cartoon - Cylinder) 113 (Stick) 114 (Sphere) 115 ( Ball & Rod )

Color Mode (listed in Color Plane) (Also see Color department)

Color Mode Maincolor\_mode\_mainColor Mode for Main StructureColor Mode Hetcolor\_mode\_hetColor Mode for Het Structure

**NOTE**: values are limited in following integers.

601 (By Element) 602 (By Residue) 603 (By Secondary Structure)
604 (By Chain) 605 (By Representation) 606 (By B-Factor)
607 (By Spectrum) 608 (By Chain Spectrum) 609 (By Hydrophobicity)

Label Area (listed in Label Plane) (Also see Label department)

Label Area Mainlabel\_area\_mainLabel Area for Main StructureLabel Area Hetlabel\_area\_hetLabel Area for Het Structure

**NOTE**: values are limited in following integers.

700 (Label None) 701 (Label Every Atom) 702 (Label Backbone) 703 (Label Every Residue) 704 (Label Every Chain) 705 (Label Molecule)

## Label Content (listed in Label Plane) (Also see Label Department)

Label Content Mainlabel\_content\_mainLabel Content for Main StructureLabel Content Hetlabel\_content\_hetLabel Content for Het Structure

**NOTE**: values are limited in following integers.

711 (Atom name) 712 (Atom id) 713 (Atom name & id)
721 (Element) 722 (Element & id)
731 (Residue name) 732 (Residue id) 733 (Residue name & id)
741 (Chain id) 742 (Chain & Residue) 743 (Chain & Residue id)
744 (Mix Info)
751 (Occupancy) 752 (B-Factor) 753 (van der Waals Radius)

#### **Color Scheme**

Color mode can be adjusted in *Color Plane*. ( Also see *Color department* ) Color Scheme can be adjusted in *Configuration Plane*.

For developers, Color Scheme can be redefined by modifying the **color** value in URL or passing the **user\_color** argument in **w3m.api.init()** function. ( Also see **Extension department**)

Color Scheme are listed by this format:

**Color Scheme Name** Color Index Color Value

( NOTE : Color Value is a <code>JavaScript Array</code>, like <code>[1.000,1.000,1.000]</code>, representing Red, Green, Blue color channels. Each channel's value must be normalized between  $0 \sim 1$ .

## Special Color

1	[ 0.750 , 0.780 , 0.790 ]
2	[ 1.000 , 1.000 , 0.000 ]
11	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
12	[ 0.750 , 0.750 , 0.750 ]
13	[ 0.750 , 0.750 , 0.750 ]
14	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
15	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
16	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
17	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
18	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
19	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
	2 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

## Color for Element

С	101	[ 0.200 , 1.000 , 0.200 ]
0	102	[ 1.000 , 0.300 , 0.300 ]
N	103	[ 0.180 , 0.180 , 0.930 ]
S	104	[ 1.000 , 0.560 , 0.000 ]
Н	105	[ 0.820 , 0.820 , 0.820 ]
P	106	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
Fe	107	[ 1.000 , 0.275 , 0.122 ]

Cu	108	[ 0.086 , 0.663 , 0.318 ]
Со	109	[ 0.020 , 0.467 , 0.282 ]
Zn	110	[ 1.000 , 0.945 , 0.263 ]
Mn	111	[ 0.267 , 0.808 , 0.965 ]
I	112	[ 0.800 , 0.643 , 0.890 ]
Na	113	[ 0.859 , 0.353 , 0.400 ]
K	114	[ 0.086 , 0.522 , 0.663 ]
Ca	115	[ 0.129 , 0.651 , 0.459 ]
Mg	116	[ 0.851 , 0.714 , 0.067 ]
Al	117	[ 0.553 , 0.294 , 0.733 ]
Cl	118	[ 0.553 , 0.294 , 0.733 ]

## Color for Residue

Ala	201	[ 1.000 , 0.275 , 0.122 ]
Gly	202	[ 1.000 , 0.702 , 0.655 ]
Ile	203	[ 0.859 , 0.353 , 0.400 ]
Leu	204	[ 1.000 , 0.129 , 0.129 ]
Pro	205	[ 1.000 , 0.278 , 0.467 ]
Val	206	[ 0.749 , 0.141 , 0.165 ]
Phe	207	[ 0.267 , 0.808 , 0.965 ]
Trp	208	[ 0.439 , 0.953 , 1.000 ]
Tyr	209	[ 0.086 , 0.522 , 0.663 ]
Ser	210	[ 0.086 , 0.663 , 0.318 ]
Thr	211	[ 0.000 , 0.737 , 0.071 ]
Cys	212	[ 0.129 , 0.651 , 0.459 ]
Met	213	[ 0.000 , 0.898 , 0.000 ]
Asn	214	[ 0.588 , 0.808 , 0.329 ]
Gln	215	[ 0.020 , 0.467 , 0.282 ]
Gln	215	[ 0.020 , 0.467 , 0.282 ]

Asp	216	[ 1.000 , 0.945 , 0.263 ]
Glu	217	[ 1.000 , 0.651 , 0.192 ]
Arg	218	[ 0.800 , 0.643 , 0.890 ]
His	219	[ 0.298 , 0.133 , 0.106 ]
Lys	220	[ 0.553 , 0.294 , 0.733 ]
A	221	[ 0.000 , 0.204 , 0.447 ]
С	222	[ 0.851 , 0.714 , 0.067 ]
G	223	[ 0.459 , 0.259 , 0.400 ]
U	224	[ 0.231 , 0.180 , 0.494 ]
dA	225	[ 0.294 , 0.361 , 0.769 ]
dC	226	[ 0.886 , 0.612 , 0.271 ]
dG	227	[ 0.549 , 0.263 , 0.337 ]
dT	228	[ 0.667 , 0.298 , 0.561 ]

## Color for Secondary Structure

α-Helix	301	[ 1.000 , 0.000 , 0.000 ]
β-Sheet	302	[ 1.000 , 1.000 , 0.000 ]
Random Coil	303	$[\ 0.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ]$

## Color for Chain

A	401	$[\ 0.200\ ,\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.200\ ]$
В	402	[ 1.000 , 0.300 , 0.300 ]
C	403	[ 0.180 , 0.180 , 0.930 ]
D	404	[ 1.000 , 0.560 , 0.000 ]
E	405	[ 0.540 , 0.360 , 0.540 ]
F	406	[ 0.790 , 0.410 , 0.140 ]
G	407	[ 0.820 , 0.820 , 0.820 ]

Н	408	$[\ 0.086\ , 0.522\ , 0.663\ ]$
I	409	[ 1.000 , 0.651 , 0.192 ]
J	410	[ 0.298 , 0.133 , 0.106 ]
K	411	[ 0.859 , 0.353 , 0.400 ]
L	412	[ 0.086 , 0.522 , 0.663 ]
M	413	[ 0.086 , 0.522 , 0.663 ]
N	414	[ 0.851 , 0.714 , 0.067 ]

## Color for Representation Mode

Dot	501	$[\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ]$
Line	502	$[\ 0.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ]$
Backbone	503	$[\ 0.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ]$
Tube	504	$[\ 1.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ]$
Cartoon	505	$[\ 1.000\ ,\ 0.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ]$
Cartoon - Putty	506	$[\ 0.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ,\ 1.000\ ]$
Cartoon - Cube	507	[ 1.000 , 0.275 , 0.122 ]
Cartoon - Strip	508	[ 0.267 , 0.808 , 0.965 ]
Cartoon - Railway	509	[ 0.086 , 0.663 , 0.318 ]
Cartoon - Ribbon	510	[ 1.000 , 0.945 , 0.263 ]
Cartoon - Arrow	511	[ 0.800 , 0.643 , 0.890 ]
Stick	512	[ 0.282 , 0.753 , 0.639 ]
Sphere	513	[ 1.000 , 0.776 , 0.667 ]
Ball & Rod	514	[ 0.420 , 0.482 , 0.431 ]

### Sequence

A sequence plot is shown in Sequence Plane.

## Secondary Structure in Sequence Plot

Secondary structures and single residues will be recognized automatically when mouse *hovering* over the sequence plot.

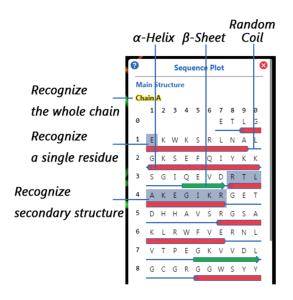


Figure 9. Sequence Plot

**α-Helix** shown as small red cylinders.

**β-Sheet** shown as small green arrows.

**Random Coil** shown as thin blue strips.

## Highlight, Hide & Fragment

Hover to recognize a segment, then:

**Highlight** Left click to highlight.

**Hide** Right click mouse to hide.

**Add Fragment** Press & Hold Left mouse for a few seconds to add the recognized

segment as a fragment.

### **Information**

Some important information dug out from PDB files is listed in *Information Plane*.

## Including:

Molecular Classification, Title of Experiment, Technique of Experiment, Source of Organism, Structural Resolution, Publication, Author etc.

*RCSB link* of the molecule, *PubMed link* and *DOI link* of the publication are available in Link Category.

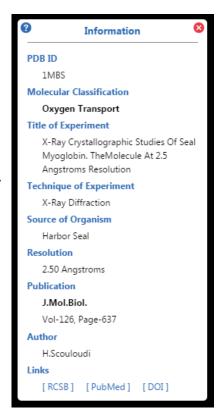


Figure 10. Information Plane

## **Extension**

Web3DMol can be embedded into other applications.

## A typical URL

http://web3dmol.duapp.com/?id=xxxx&widget=x&config=xxxxxx&color=xxxxxx

widget	optional	Show the widgets in canvas.
		(0: do not show; 1: show)
config	optional	Modified configuration values. ( using <i>JSON string</i> )
color	optional	Modified color values. ( using JSON string )

Configuration values & Color values can be modified to customize the 3D structure graphics.

Configuration keys are listed in *Configuration department* in this manual.

Color index are listed in *Color Scheme department* in this manual.

### Firstly,

Configuration values & Color values must be formatted as JSON String

We recommend using JSON Tools to produce JSON String, such as **JSON.stringify()** in JavaScript.

### Configuration

```
Format { "configuration_key" : configuration_value }
    Example { "rep_mode_main" : 105, "color_mode_main" : 602, "bg" : [
1.0,1.0,1.0,0.0 ] }
Color
    Format { "color_index" : color_value }
    Example { "1" : [ 0.5,0.5,0.5 ], "102" : [ 0.8,0.8,0.8 ] }
```

Next,

Encode the JSON String with URL Encode Tools, such as **encodeURIComponent()** in JavaScript.

The encoded Configuration values will be like:

```
%7B%22rep_mode_main%22%3A105%2C%22color_mode_main%22%3A602%2C%22bg%22%3A
%5B1%2C1%2C1%2C0%5D%7D
```

The encoded Color values will be like:

```
%7B%221%22%3A%5B0.5%2C0.5%2C0.5%5D%2C%22102%22%3A%5B0.8%2C0.8%2C0.8%5D%7
```

Finally,

The URL will be like:

http://web3dmol.duapp.com/?id=1mbs&widget=0&config=%7B%22rep\_mode\_main%2 2%3A105%2C%22color\_mode\_main%22%3A602%2C%22bg%22%3A%5B1%2C1%2C1%2C0%5D%7D &color=%7B%221%22%3A%5B0.5%2C0.5%2C0.5%5D%2C%22102%22%3A%5B0.8%2C0.8%2C0.8%5D%7D

## Using <iframe> in HTML

#### The typical code:

<iframe width=800 height=500 src="{url}" frameborder=0 allowfullscreen><
/iframe>

Obviously, the value of "*src*" should be replaced by a new URL, and the values of "*width*" and "*height*" could be modified in order to fit the whole layout of your web page.

## Using JavaScript

Web3DMol's Library must be loaded into your application at first.

Online Library URL -> http://web3dmol.duapp.com/web3dmol.js

We recommend developers to download Web3DMol source code and make it a part of your own application to enhance response speed.

The initialization function is defined like:

```
w3m.api.init(div_id, pdb_id, show_widget, user_config, user_color)
```

div\_id required ID of the container node for Web3DMol in a web page.

*pdb\_id* required PDB-id of the molecule to be shown in canvas.

```
    show_widget optional Show the widgets in canvas. (0: do not show; 1: show)
    user_config optional Modified configuration values. (using JavaScript Object)
    user_color optional Modified color values. (using JavaScript Object)
```

user\_config & user\_color and both JavaScript Object rather than JSON String.

## The typical code:

## Using WebView Component

In desktop environment, a WebView Component must be used to embed Web3DMol. For example, in **Qt**, *QtWebView* is the WebView Component. Developers can set the *url* attribute of a WebView component with URL we used above, and ensure that the JavaScript Engine in on.

By this way, we can easily embed Web3DMol into a desktop application.

## Limitation

3D modeling and rendering are both resource-intensive calculations, and as a form of interpreted language, JavaScript is not good at high efficiency calculations. Therefore, when the size of a molecule becomes very large, Web3DMol sacrifices some graphical quality to maintain the efficiency. Another restriction is from web browser manufacturers. For example, V8, the JavaScript engine in Google Chrome, has a threshold for maximum

heap memory usage, so that when the number of atoms is too large, Chrome will crash. In fact, for very large molecules, RCSB PDB does not offer common PDB archives to download. Instead, structural data are recorded in a more complicated format such as mmCIF. Under these conditions, we recommend use of desktop software, for example PyMOL, whose modeling and rendering algorithms are written in C++ (a compiled language).

JavaScript was originally designed for web page interaction, and its function libraries are not abundant. Therefore, it is difficult for Web3DMol to handle PDB archives if they are in zipped format or to record a small movie while users are manipulating the 3D structure.

The support for WebGL from mobile devices is uneven. Web3DMol runs well on some of the latest cellphones, but not very smoothly on most mobile devices at present. The memory capacity, the performance of microchips and the touch-based interactions limit the user experience of Web3DMol on mobile devices.

## **API**

APIs are for developers who use JavaScript to embed Web3DMol into their applications.

```
w3m.api.init (div_id, pdb_id, show_widget, user_config, user_color)
```

Initialize Web3DMol.

```
div_idrequiredID of the container node for Web3DMol in a web page.pdb_idrequiredPDB-id of the molecule to be shown in canvas.show_widgetoptionalShow the widgets in canvas. (0: do not show; 1: show)user_configoptionalModified configuration values. (using JavaScript Object)user_coloroptionalModified color values. (using JavaScript Object)
```

```
w3m.api.config (key, value)
```

Set or Get configuration.

if value is undefined, get and return the configuration value, if value is defined, set the configuration value. ( also see *Configuration department* )

*key* required The configuration key.

value optional The configuration value.

w3m.api.rgb (index, value)

Set or Get color value.

if value is undefined, get and return the color value, if value is defined, set the color value. ( also see *Color Scheme department* )

*index* required The color index in color scheme.

value optional The color value ( a JavaScript array ).

w3m.api.refresh ()

Refresh the background and the graphics.

w3m.api.pdb (source)

Load a PDB file from a PDB-ID or a local file.

source required A PDB id or a file user selected from <input type="file" />

w3m.api.representation (structure, mode)

Switch the representation mode.

structure required 1 : main structure; 2 : het structure

*mode* required See Configuration department - Representation category.

```
w3m.api.color (structure, mode)
```

Switch the color mode.

structure required 1 : main structure; 2 : het structure

mode required See Color Scheme department.

w3m.api.label\_area (structure, area)

Switch the label area.

structure required 1 : main structure; 2 : het structure

*mode* required See Configuration department - Label Area category.

w3m.api.label\_content (structure, content)

Switch the label content.

structure required 1 : main structure; 2 : het structure

*mode* required See Configuration department - Label Content category.

w3m.api.fragment\_add (chain\_id, start, stop)

Add a fragment. This function will return the fragment id of this fragment.

*chain\_id* optional The chain identifier of this fragment.

start optional The first residue of this fragment.

stop optional The last residue of this fragment.

w3m.api.fragment\_set (fragment\_id, rep\_mode, color\_mode, label\_area,
label\_content, color\_defined)

#### Customize a fragment.

*fragment\_id* required Id of the fragment which will be customized.

*rep\_mode* required The representation mode of this fragment.

*color\_mode* required The color mode of this fragment.

label\_area required The label area of this fragment.

*label\_content* required The label content of this fragment.

*color\_defined* required The used defined color of this fragment.

( Taking effect only when color mode is COLOR\_BY\_USER. )

#### w3m.api.fragment\_remove (fragment\_id)

## Remove a fragment.

*fragment\_id* required Id of the fragment which will be removed.

#### w3m.api.highlight\_add (chain\_id, start, stop)

## HighLight a segment.

*chain\_id* required The chain identifier of this segment.

start reguired The first residue of this segment.

stop required The last residue of this segment.

#### w3m.api.highlight\_remove (chain\_id, start, stop)

Remove the HighLight effect of a segment.

*chain\_id* required The chain identifier of this segment.

start reguired The first residue of this segment.

stop required The last residue of this segment.

### w3m.api.hide\_add (chain\_id, start, stop)

Hide a segment.

*chain\_id* required The chain identifier of this segment.

start reguired The first residue of this segment.

stop required The last residue of this segment.

```
w3m.api.hide_remove (chain_id, start, stop)
```

Remove the Hide effect of a segment.

*chain\_id* required The chain identifier of this segment.

start reguired The first residue of this segment.

stop required The last residue of this segment.

```
w3m.api.picked ()
```

Return the serial number of the atom picked from the 3D structure by user just now.

```
w3m.api.atom (atom_id)
```

Return the information of an atom.

*atom\_id* required The serial number of the atom.

The returned value is a *JavaScript array*:

[ structure\_type, atom\_id, atom\_name, residue\_name, chain\_id, residue\_id,

coordinate, occupancy, b-factor, element ].

structure\_type 1 : Main Structure, 2 : Het Structure.

coordinate A JavaScript array: [ x, y, z ].

## Faq

See *FAQ page*. ( <a href="http://web3dmol.duapp.com/faq.html">http://web3dmol.duapp.com/faq.html</a>)

# Example

See *Example page*. ( <a href="http://web3dmol.duapp.com/example.html">http://web3dmol.duapp.com/example.html</a> )